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parallel "control words"

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[Multi bit per pixel compression/decompression using \*\*parallel\*\* encoded streams - all 3 versions »](#)

F Blurfrushan, RE Joiner, SC Kang - US Patent 5,754,746, 1998 - Google Patents

... DECOMPRESSION USING **PARALLEL** ... and for combining said instructions and mask data ontoa third line and into a series of first multi-bit **control words**, one first ...[Cited by 14](#) - [Related Articles](#) - [Web Search](#)
[Voltage multiplier using switched capacitance technique - all 3 versions »](#)

MJ Jansen - US Patent 5,491,623, 1996 - Google Patents

... SOB-i requiring a set of **parallel** control signals ai are replaced with two multiplexers coupled to a digital control bus 82 to receive digital **control words**. ...[Cited by 18](#) - [Related Articles](#) - [Web Search](#)
[S-LINK, a data link interface specification for the LHC era - all 5 versions »](#)
HC van der Bij, RA McLaren, O Boyle, G Rubin - Nuclear Science, IEEE Transactions on, 1997 - [ieeexplore.ieee.org](#)... read-out electronics and input buffers, to work in **parallel** with the ... The physical link provides transfer of event data and **control words**, error detection ...[Cited by 27](#) - [Related Articles](#) - [Web Search](#)
[Massively \*\*parallel\*\* processing system using two data paths: one connecting router circuit to the ... - all 2 versions »](#)

RE Kessler, SM Oberlin, SL Scott - US Patent 5,864,738, 1999 - Google Patents

Page 1. [54] MASSIVELY **PARALLEL** PROCESSING SYSTEM USING TWO DATA PATHS ... ' ', UIXT ^ I " mr ir T \*• **Parallel** and Distributed Systems, vol. 4, No. 12, pp. ...[Cited by 23](#) - [Related Articles](#) - [Web Search](#)
[The memory-integrated network interface - all 6 versions »](#)
R Minnich, D Burns, F Hady, DSR Center, NJ ... - Micro, IEEE, 1995 - [ieeexplore.ieee.org](#)... The same dual-port SRAM used to hold the VC **control words** also holds a mnsmit and receive AALS CRC value for each VC. ... (This occurs in **parallel** with the network ...[Cited by 48](#) - [Related Articles](#) - [Web Search](#)
[Error detection for \*\*parallel\*\* data transfer between a processor and a peripheral device by comparing ... - all 3 versions »](#)

M Myran... - US Patent 5,506,958, 1996 - Google Patents

... then be latched into peripheral controller 16 via latch 17, and **control words** will be ... has occurred, computer 12 outputs data 65 through **parallel** port interface ...[Cited by 11](#) - [Related Articles](#) - [Web Search](#)
[System and method for sending multiple data signals over a serial link - all 5 versions »](#)

S Kim, DD Lee, DK Jeong... - US Patent 5,835,498, 1998 - Google Patents

Page 1. US005835498A United States Patent Kim et al. [73] Assignee: Silicon Image, Inc., Cupertino, Calif. [21] Appl. No.: 664,136 [22] Filed: Jun. 14, 1996 ...

[Cited by 40](#) - [Related Articles](#) - [Web Search](#)

[Wideband interference suppressor in a phased array radar - all 2 versions »](#)

K Chang, F Beltran, F Steudel - US Patent 5,592,178, 1997 - Google Patents  
Page 1. United States Patent Chang et al. US005592178A [ii] Patent Number: [45]  
Date of Patent: [54] WIDEBAND INTERFERENCE SUPPRESSOR IN A PHASED ARRAY  
RADAR ...

[Cited by 18](#) - [Related Articles](#) - [Web Search](#)

[Multipath torus switching apparatus - all 2 versions »](#)

HT Olnowich, AR Williams - US Patent 5,408,646, 1995 - Google Patents  
Page 1. US005408646A United States Patent Olnowich et al. [ii] Patent Number:  
[45] Date of Patent: [54] MULTIPATH TORUS SWITCHING APPARATUS ...

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[\[PDF\] Contextual strength does not modulate the subordinate bias effect:](#)

[Evidence from eye fixations and ... - all 2 versions »](#)

KS Binder, K Rayner - Psychonomic Bulletin and Review, 1998 - psychonomic.org  
... the subordinate sense (the subordinate bias effect) than on the unambiguous **control**  
**words** or on the ... Sentence perception as an interactive, **parallel** process. ...

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S Browne

J Dongarra

N Garner

G Ho

P Mucci

Graphemes are perceptual reading units - all 8 versions »

A Rey, JC Ziegler, AM Jacobs - Cognition, 2000 - Elsevier

... the multi-letter grapheme **unit** EA will ... model that contained graphemes as intermediate **functional units**. ... could be to increase **parallel** processing ( Laberge & ...

Cited by 28 - Related Articles - Web Search

A transformation-based method for loop folding - all 4 versions »

TF Lee, ACH Wu, YL Lin, DD Gajski - Computer-Aided Design of Integrated Circuits and Systems, ..., 1994 - [ieeexplore.ieee.org](#)

... into each control step, fewer **functional units** are sufficient ... for each scheduled control step in the control **unit**. ... is increased from four to six **control words**. ...

Cited by 40 - Related Articles - Web Search

A Portable Programming Interface for Performance Evaluation on Modern Processors - all 15 versions »

S Browne, J Dongarra, N Garner, G Ho, P Mucci - International Journal of High Performance Computing ..., 2000 - [hpc.sagepub.com](#)

... for measuring how heavily the different **functional units** are being ... A functional **unit** is idle if it has no ... for devel- opment environment for **parallel** programs. ...

Cited by 189 - Related Articles - Web Search

Instruction compression and decompression system and method for a processor - all 4 versions »

RG Miller, LA Cardillo, JG Mathieson, ER Smith - US Patent 5,819,058, 1998 - Google Patents

... **ROUTING SELECT LOGIC** ... possible to fully utilize all of the multiple **functional units** during every ... processing units may be connected together in **parallel** so that ...

Cited by 22 - Related Articles - Web Search

Design and VLSI implementation of an address generation coprocessor - all 9 versions »

PT Hulina, LD Coraor, L Kurian, E John - Computers and Digital Techniques, IEE Proceedings-, 1995 - [ieeexplore.ieee.org](#)

... in microelectronic technology, the addition of **functional units** to the ... by a simple **parallel** input **parallel** output up ... Fig. 6 Reflected address generation **unit** ...

Cited by 3 - Related Articles - Web Search

Architecture and implementation of a single-chip programmable digital television and media processor

S Dutta, D Singh, V Mehra, P Semicond, CA ... - Signal Processing Systems, 1999. SiPS 99. 1999 IEEE Workshop ..., 1999 - [ieeexplore.ieee.org](#)

... The MMI **unit** manages the interface between TM ... are optionally guarded and the **parallel**

instructions (operations ... of 27 **functional units** that include the integer ...

Cited by 4 - Related Articles - Web Search

Centralized performance monitoring architecture - all 2 versions »

S Agrawal, AF Glew, PG Franklin, R Spotten - US Patent 5,881,223, 1999 - Google Patents  
... RP3 Performance Monitoring Hard -ware," **Parallel Computing Sys ... The functional units**  
of segment 295 (not shown) are ... Control unit 200 generates **control words** that ...  
[Cited by 4](#) - [Related Articles](#) - [Web Search](#)

... having primary integer execution **unit** and supplemental integer execution **unit** for performing out-of ... - all 3 versions »  
EA Sowadsky, L Widigen, DL Puziol, KS Van Dyke... - US Patent 5,675,758, 1997 - Google Patents  
... purpose of this discussion, instructions can be units capable of performing **parallel** speculative execution. ... **unit** (AP ... tha are broadcast to the **functional units**. ...  
[Cited by 3](#) - [Related Articles](#) - [Web Search](#)

... via **parallel** out-of-order execution of adds and moves in a supplemental integer execution **unit** - all 6 versions »  
EA Sowadsky, L Widigen, DL Puziol, KS Van Dyke - US Patent 5,802,339, 1998 - Google Patents  
... **functional units** in the processor ... preparation unit without passing through the operations bus, wherein the add/move unit, operates in **parallel**, and out ...  
[Cited by 2](#) - [Related Articles](#) - [Web Search](#)

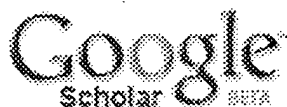
The Institute of Precision Mechanics and Computer Technology and the El'brus family of high-speed ... - all 9 versions »  
P Wolcott, MN Dorojevets - IEEE Annals of the History of Computing, 1998 - doi.ieeeecs.org  
... use of special-purpose registers and **control words** to manage ... an indexation unit. ... architectures are not well-suited to feed multiple, **parallel functional units**. ...  
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A Rey, JC Ziegler, AM Jacobs - Cognition, 2000 - Elsevier

... O more often in OF than in **control words**. ... model that contained graphemes as intermediate

**functional units**. ... could be to increase **parallel** processing ( Laberge & ...

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#### Instruction compression and decompression system and method for a processor - all 4 versions »

RG Miller, LA Cardillo, JG Mathieson, ER Smith - US Patent 5,819,058, 1998 - Google Patents

... utilize all of the multiple **functional units** during every ... The invention may also **route** said decompressed variable ... may be connected together in **parallel** so that ...

Cited by 22 - [Related Articles](#) - [Web Search](#)

#### A transformation-based method for loop folding - all 4 versions »

TF Lee, ACH Wu, YL Lin, DD Gajski - Computer-Aided Design of Integrated Circuits and Systems, ..., 1994 - [ieeexplore.ieee.org](#)

... into each control step, fewer **functional units** are sufficient ... is four clock cycles, and a data-path needs at ... cost is increased from four to six **control words**. ...

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#### Peripheral memory interface controller as a cache for a large data processing system - all 3 versions »

TM Steckler, DA Gryger, RH Tickner - US Patent 5,446,844, 1995 - Google Patents

... queue 36 are the main **functional units** of the ... 3, to present **control words** and any associated address ... In **parallel** with this operation, information passes to ...

Cited by 11 - [Related Articles](#) - [Web Search](#)

#### Pipeline throughput via **parallel** out-of-order execution of adds and moves in a supplemental integer ... - all 6 versions »

EA Sowadsky, L Widigen, DL Puziol, KS Van Dyke - US Patent 5,802,339, 1998 - Google Patents

... SYSTEM units capable of performing **parallel** speculative execution. ... that are broadcast to the **functional units**. Each instruction ... unencoded) **control words**. ...

Cited by 2 - [Related Articles](#) - [Web Search](#)

#### Semiconcurrent error detection in data paths - all 10 versions »

A Antola, F Ferrandi, V Piuri, M Sami - Computers, IEEE Transactions on, 2001 - [ieeexplore.ieee.org](#)

... a sequence of  $\square k$  x control steps over which the nominal schedule is repeated  $\square$  times; allocation of **functional units** in the nominal data path is given. ...

Cited by 21 - [Related Articles](#) - [Web Search](#)

#### High-speed 2-D convolution with a custom computing machine - all 7 versions »

JB Peterson, PM Athanas - The Journal of VLSI Signal Processing, 1996 - Springer

... Each interconnection represents a 36-bit data **path**. ... the necessary data to the appropriate **functional units** is an ... the host passes special **control words** to the ...  
[Cited by 5](#) - [Related Articles](#) - [Web Search](#)

[PDF] [Efficient SoC design with homogeneous processor arrays - all 3 versions](#)  
»

M Zajc, R Sernec, J Tasic - CAN J ELECTR COMPUT ENG, 2001 - Idos.fe.uni-lj.si  
... The number of **functional units** within the scalar ... The whole **parallel** processor ensemble is controlled via ... wide horizontal microcode **control words** for processing ...  
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[Rapid pipeline control using a control word and a steering word - all 3 versions](#) »

TW Lynch... - US Patent 5,930,492, 1999 - Google Patents  
... word specifies the **routing** of the instruction through the pipeline stages. Many pipeline modifications may be made by modifying the **control words** and steering ...  
[Cited by 7](#) - [Related Articles](#) - [Web Search](#)

[Method and apparatus for controlling configuration memory contexts of processing elements in a ... - all 3 versions](#) »

E Mirsky, R French, I Eslick - US Patent 5,915,123, 1999 - Google Patents  
... al; "A High-Performance Microarchitecture with Hardware-Programmable **Functional Units**"; Micro-27 ... Element for a High Performance Massively **Parallel** SIMD System ...  
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[... computing architecture with configurable instruction \*\*distribution\*\* and deployable resources - all 3 versions »](#)

E Mirsky, A DeHon - FPGAs for Custom Computing Machines, 1996. Proceedings. IEEE ..., 1996 - [ieeexplore.ieee.org](#)

... these two operations proceed in **parallel** The BFU ... 1: MATRIX I3FU Level—I .5oe **Control**

Byte Register on A,B Ports Only Configuration Configuration **Word A Word** ...

Cited by 216 - [Related Articles](#) - [Web Search](#)

[The NAPA Adaptive Processing Architecture - all 7 versions »](#)

CR Rupp, M Landguth, T Garverick, E Gomersall, H ... - IEEE Symposium on Field-Programmable Custom Computing ..., 1998 - [doi.ieeecomputersociety.org](#)

... The common ToggleBus **control** bus "C" is used to ... supports general bit-level and word-level "data ... both SIMD and MIMD style **parallel** processing approaches ...

Cited by 122 - [Related Articles](#) - [Web Search](#)

[book] [Parallel Programming with MPI - all 3 versions »](#)

PS Pacheco - 1997 - [books.google.com](#)

... 8.4.2 Model Problem 161 8.4.3 **Distribution** of the Input 162 ... 307 13.8 The Last **Word** on Point-to-Point Communication 309 13.9 Summary ... Ch **Parallel** Algorithms 315 ...

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[Realization of a programmable \*\*parallel\*\* DSP for high performance image processing applications - all 10 versions »](#)

JP Wittenburg, W Hinrichs, J Kneip, M Ohmacht, M ... - Design Automation Conference, 1998 - [doi.ieeecomputersociety.org](#)

... 48 \* 48 **words** / 16 bit TEST AND DEBUG INTERFACE ... So, our experience in the **parallel**

implementation of image processing application and ... Instruction Cache **Control** ...

Cited by 12 - [Related Articles](#) - [Web Search](#)

[Singulars and Plurals in Dutch: Evidence for a \*\*Parallel\*\* Dual-Route Model - all 3 versions »](#)

RH Baayen, T Dijkstra, R Schreuder - Journal of Memory and Language, 1997 - Elsevier ... tion of our **parallel** dual-route model ... three items of the same type (either **word** or pseudoword ... in sequence, and that 97 participants, the **distribution** of reaction ...

Cited by 130 - [Related Articles](#) - [Web Search](#)

[... and Function in the Lexical System: Insights from Distributed Models of \*\*Word\*\* Reading and Lexical ... - all 8 versions »](#)

DC Plaut - Cognitive Models of Speech Processing: Psycholinguistic and ..., 1998 - [books.google.com](#)

... adopted by researchers employing connectionist/**parallel** distributed processing ... with the core tenet of dual-route theories. ... graphemes contained in the **word** to 1 ...

Cited by 119 - [Related Articles](#) - [Web Search](#)

[book] [Parallel computer architecture - all 3 versions »](#)



DE Culler, JP Singh - 1999 - eng.ku.ac.th

... Shared Virtual Memory.....638 9.4.4 Access **Control** through Language ...  
652 9.6 Implications for **Parallel** Software ...

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[Advanced \*\*parallel\*\* array processor I/O connection - all 2 versions »](#)

TN Barker, CA Collins, MC Dapp, JW Dieffenderfer, ... - US Patent 5,617,577, 1997 - Google Patents

... Alleyne et al., "A Bit-**Parallel**, Word-**Parallel**, Massively **Parallel** ... Arithmetic in a Massively-**Parallel** Associative Processor ... Richter and G. Raupp, "**Control** of a ...

[Cited by 10](#) - [Related Articles](#) - [Web Search](#)

[Distributed \*\*parallel\*\* object-oriented environment for traffic simulation \(POETS\) - all 2 versions »](#)

SL Mabry, JL Gaudiot - Proceedings of the 26th conference on Winter simulation, 1994 - portal.acm.org

... timing mechanism is provided for **control** of the ... general **parallel** simulations of real-world events ... Obvious objectives in **parallel** and distributed simulation are ...

[Cited by 7](#) - [Related Articles](#) - [Web Search](#)

[Digitally programmable radio modules for navigation systems - all 3 versions »](#)

WC Phillips, MV Pascale, RW Minarik, KM Schmidt, ... - US Patent 5,909,193, 1999 - Google Patents

... due to the complexity of signal **distribution** and switching ... including AIR TRAF- FIC **CONTROL** RADAR BEACON ... or more sequential and/or **parallel** instruction processors ...

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PATENT ABSTRACTS

[File 347] **JAPIO** Dec 1976-2007/Jun(Updated 070926)  
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[File 350] **Derwent WPIX** 1963-2007/UD=200801  
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*\*File 350: English-language translations of Chinese Utility Model registrations are available starting with update 200769.*

```
; d s
Set  Items  Postings  Description
S1   4602   39794  S CONTROL()WORD? ? OR ROUT??? (2N)INSTRUCTION? ?
S2   39345  247936  S (ROUT??? OR STEER???)(2N)(UNIT? ? OR PART? ? OR APPARATUS OR APPTS
OR ELEMENT? ?)
S3    12    31  S FUNTIONAL(2N)(UNIT? ? OR PART? ? OR APPARATUS OR APPTS OR ELEMENT?
?)
S4  1485604  9090684  S (LOGIC? OR LOOKUP? OR LOOK()UP? ? OR SHIFT??? OR STORAGE)() (UNIT?
? OR PART? ? OR APPARATUS? OR APPTS OR ELEMENT? ?) OR ALU OR ALUS OR MEMORY OR
BUFFER? ?
S5    114    722  S S1(5N)(PARALLEL? OR SIMULTANEOUS? OR SAME()TIME)
S6  102456  675029  S S3:S4(3N)(CONFIGUR? OR SELECT? OR ARRANG? OR ORDER?)
S7     2     30  S S5 AND S2 AND S6
S8    17    240  S S5 AND S6
S9    15    222  S S8 NOT S7
S10   15    222  S S9 NOT AD=20011107:20080808/PR
S11  48718  187429  S ARCHITECTURE
S12  2927   47502  S S11 AND S6
S13   36   1202  S S12 AND S1
S14   36   1202  S S13 NOT (S7 OR S10)
S15   26    715  S S14 NOT AD=20011107:20080808/PR
S16   14    534  S S15 AND (ROUT? OR STEER?)
S17   48    305  S CONTROL()WORD? ? (5N)PARALLEL?
S18   38    246  S S17 NOT (S7 OR S10 OR S14)
S19   30    209  S S18 NOT AD=20011107:20080808/PR
S20  150    716  S DATA()STEERING
S21   2     56  S S20 AND CONTROL()WORD? ?
```

7/5/1 (Item 1 from file: 350) [Links](#)

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0008113846 *Drawing available*

WPI Acc no: 1997-212460/199719

XRPX Acc No: N1997-175327

**Multiple instruction selection and buffering unit for CPU execution - has decoder generating bundle instruction indicating whether even and odd instruction pair can be executed simultaneously with selector routing instructions to operational units**

Patent Assignee: HEWLETT-PACKARD CO (HEWP)

Inventor: DELANO E R

Patent Family ( 1 patents, 1 countries )

| Patent Number | Kind | Date     | Application Number | Kind | Date     | Update | Type |
|---------------|------|----------|--------------------|------|----------|--------|------|
| US 5617549    | A    | 19970401 | US 1992957344      | A    | 19921006 | 199719 | B    |
|               |      |          | US 1994296989      | A    | 19940826 |        |      |

Priority Applications (no., kind, date): US 1992957344 A 19921006; US 1994296989 A 19940826

Patent Details

| Patent Number | Kind | Lan | Pgs | Draw | Filing Notes                |               |
|---------------|------|-----|-----|------|-----------------------------|---------------|
| US 5617549    | A    | EN  | 17  | 7    | Continuation of application | US 1992957344 |

**Alerting Abstract US A**

The instruction selection unit has an address unit fetching even and odd instructions from a memory system. A decoder generates a bundle signal indicating whether a pair of even and odd instructions can be executed simultaneously. First and second busses transport the even instructions received from the memory system. Third and fourth busses transport the odd instructions received from the memory system. A first master/slave register coupled to the second bus, stores the even instructions. A second master/slave register, coupled to the third bus, stores the odd instructions. A first selector responsive to the bundle signal, selects at an output terminal, an even instruction from either the first bus or the first master/slave register, and at another one of the output terminals, an odd instruction from either the fourth bus or the second register.

A second selector roots aligned even and odd instructions that can be bundled, misaligned even and odd instructions that can be bundled or individual even or odd instructions that cannot be bundled from the first selector to specific operational units located in the execution unit. Control logic coupled to the first and second selectors generates signals that control which input terminals are selected by the first and second selectors.

ADVANTAGE - Provides high flexibility when switching between execution of single and bundles instructions.

Incurs no penalty cycle when switching between single and bundled instructions or aligned and misaligned bundles.

7/3,K/2 (Item 2 from file: 350) [Links](#)

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0006212400 *Drawing available*

WPI Acc no: 1993-001393/199301

XRPX Acc No: N1993-000917

**Data processing appts. - uses single instruction with FIFO buffer to distribute operating codes to multiple processors**

Patent Assignee: KONINK PHILIPS ELECTRONICS NV (PHIG); LAB ELECTRONIQUE PHILIPS (PHIG); LAB ELECTRONIQUE PHILIPS SAS (PHIG); PHILIPS ELECTRONICS NV (PHIG); PHILIPS GLOEILAMPENFAB NV (PHIG); US PHILIPS CORP (PHIG)

Inventor: DURANTON M

Patent Family ( 5 patents, 3 countries )

| Patent Number | Kind | Date     | Application Number | Kind | Date     | Update | Type |
|---------------|------|----------|--------------------|------|----------|--------|------|
| EP 520572     | A1   | 19921230 | EP 1992201842      | A    | 19920623 | 199301 | B    |
| FR 2678402    | A1   | 19921231 | FR 19918064        | A    | 19910628 | 199309 | E    |
| US 5675776    | A    | 19971007 | US 1992904732      | A    | 19920625 | 199746 | E    |
|               |      |          | US 1994353584      | A    | 19941212 |        |      |
| EP 520572     | B1   | 19990512 | EP 1992201842      | A    | 19920623 | 199923 | E    |
| DE 69229145   | E    | 19990617 | DE 69229145        | A    | 19920623 | 199930 | E    |
|               |      |          | EP 1992201842      | A    | 19920623 |        |      |

Priority Applications (no., kind, date): FR 19918064 A 19910628

Patent Details

| Patent Number                       | Kind     | Lan | Pgs | Draw | Filing Notes                |               |
|-------------------------------------|----------|-----|-----|------|-----------------------------|---------------|
| EP 520572                           | A1       | FR  | 23  | 9    |                             |               |
| Regional Designated States,Original | DE FR GB |     |     |      |                             |               |
| US 5675776                          | A        | EN  | 12  | 9    | Continuation of application | US 1992904732 |
| EP 520572                           | B1       | FR  |     |      |                             |               |
| Regional Designated States,Original | DE FR GB |     |     |      |                             |               |
| DE 69229145                         | E        | DE  |     |      | Application                 | EP 1992201842 |
|                                     |          |     |     |      | Based on OPI patent         | EP 520572     |

Original Publication Data by Authority...**Claims:**codes; an operational unit comprising a plurality of operational means executing the operation codes in **parallel**; and **routing** circuitry for **routing** the operation codes from the central instruction decoder to the operational units for parallel execution, the **routing circuitry** comprising at least one FIFO type **memory**, **arranged** between at least one of the operational **units** and the central instruction decoder, said at least one FIFO type memory being for providing operation codes, under control of the routing circuitry, to the at least one of the operational **units**, wherein the **routing circuitry comprises** means for controlling access to said the at least one FIFO type memory by means...

10/5/10 (Item 10 from file: 350) [Links](#)

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0007728353 *Drawing available*

WPI Acc no: 1996-351647/199635

XRPX Acc No: N1996-296519

**Event queue control circuit for communication control processor - has read address circuits updating event queue performed in write-in address circuits detected by comparator**

Patent Assignee: NIPPON TELEGRAPH & TELEPHONE CORP (NITE)

Inventor: MARUYAMA M; YAMASHITA M

Patent Family ( 1 patents, 1 countries )

| Patent Number | Kind | Date     | Application Number | Kind | Date     | Update | Type |
|---------------|------|----------|--------------------|------|----------|--------|------|
| JP 8166886    | A    | 19960625 | JP 1994310874      | A    | 19941214 | 199635 | B    |

Priority Applications (no., kind, date): JP 1994310874 A 19941214

Patent Details

| Patent Number | Kind | Lan | Pgs | Draw | Filing Notes |
|---------------|------|-----|-----|------|--------------|
| JP 8166886    | A    | JA  | 8   | 5    |              |

**Alerting Abstract JP A**

The circuit has a buffer (9) which stores the address of other buffers. A control word memory stores the control word of an interrupted processing demand which is secured from the buffer using the other buffers. A write-in circuit (3-1,3-2,3-3) which holds a first write-in and a last write-in control word of the **control word memory** is **arranged in parallel** with a read circuit (4-1,4-2,4-3) which holds a first and a last read control word of the control word memory.

The respective circuit connects to a write-in and a read comparator (6-1,6-2) which detects the write-in and read coincidence, respectively. The write-in circuits performs event queue processing. A processor (8) inputs the control word of an interrupted processing demand to a control circuit (5). The control circuit returns the used buffer to the management buffer when the comparator shows coincidence which updates read address circuits.

ADVANTAGE - Provides high efficiency on memory processing. Updates read address with queue address. Performs effective and practical usage of memory resources.

10/3,K/3 (Item 3 from file: 350) [Links](#)

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0012911384 *Drawing available*

WPI Acc no: 2002-413840/200244

XRPX Acc No: N2002-325280

**Control signal generation circuit for testing high frequency synchronous digital circuits, particularly memory chips, has a built outside self test comprising an eight stage shift register with parallel loading inputs and serial outputs**

Patent Assignee: ERNST W (ERNS-I); INFINEON TECHNOLOGIES AG (INFN); KRAUSE G (KRAU-I); KUHN J (KUHN-I); LUPKE J (LUPK-I); MULLER J (MULL-I); POCHMULLER P (POCH-I); SCHITTENHELM M (SCHI-I)

Inventor: ERNST W; KRAUSE G; KUHN J; LUEPKE J; LUPKE J; MUELLER J; MULLER J; POCHMULLER P; POECHMUELLER P; SCHITTENHELM M

Patent Family ( 4 patents, 2 countries )

| Patent Number  | Kind | Date     | Application Number | Kind | Date     | Update | Type |
|----------------|------|----------|--------------------|------|----------|--------|------|
| US 20020010878 | A1   | 20020124 | US 2001907784      | A    | 20010718 | 200244 | B    |
| DE 10034851    | A1   | 20020214 | DE 10034851        | A    | 20000718 | 200244 | E    |
| US 6839397     | B2   | 20050104 | US 2001907784      | A    | 20010718 | 200503 | E    |
| DE 10034851    | B4   | 20060608 | DE 10034851        | A    | 20000718 | 200639 | E    |

Priority Applications (no., kind, date): DE 10034851 A 20000718; US 2001907784 A 20010718

Patent Details

| Patent Number  | Kind | Lan | Pgs | Draw | Filing Notes |
|----------------|------|-----|-----|------|--------------|
| US 20020010878 | A1   | EN  | 5   | 1    |              |

Original Publication Data by Authority...**Original Abstracts:**has connected to its parallel loading inputs p logical gates which logically combine a static **control word** with a dynamic n-position **test word**. The combined logical value is loaded into the shift register at a low-frequency...**Claims:**A circuit configuration for generating control signals for testing high-frequency synchronous digital circuits, including **memory chips**, the circuit **configuration** comprising: a p-stage shift register clocked at a clock frequency corresponding to a high... inputs of said p-stage shift register, said logical gates receive and logically combine a **static control word** with an n-position dynamic test word in order to load a combined logical value into said... A circuit configuration for generating control signals for testing high-frequency synchronous digital circuits, including **memory chips**, the circuit **configuration** comprising: a p-stage shift register clocked at a clock frequency corresponding to a high... and logically combine a static control word with an n-position dynamic test word in order to load a **combined** logical value into said p-stage shift register at a low-frequency loading clock rate so that, at said...

10/5/14 (Item 14 from file: 350) Links

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0005720392 *Drawing available*

WPI Acc no: 1991-334186/199146

XRPX Acc No: N1991-256093

**Parallel processing system with slice-wise communications arrangement - includes processing nodes with memory, transposer module, and router node, which are controlled in parallel and interconnected by links**

Patent Assignee: THINKING MACH CORP (THIN-N); THINKING MACHINES CORP (THIN-N)

Inventor: BROMLEY H M

Patent Family ( 6 patents, 3 countries )

| Patent Number | Kind | Date     | Application Number | Kind | Date     | Update | Type |
|---------------|------|----------|--------------------|------|----------|--------|------|
| EP 456201     | A    | 19911113 | EP 1991107437      | A    | 19910507 | 199146 | B    |
| CA 2041893    | A    | 19911109 |                    |      |          | 199205 | E    |
| US 5247613    | A    | 19930921 | US 1990520701      | A    | 19900508 | 199339 | E    |
| EP 456201     | A3   | 19930303 | EP 1991107437      | A    | 19910507 | 199349 | E    |
| EP 456201     | B1   | 19960918 | EP 1991107437      | A    | 19910507 | 199642 | E    |
| DE 69122161   | E    | 19961024 | DE 69122161        | A    | 19910507 | 199648 | E    |
|               |      |          | EP 1991107437      | A    | 19910507 |        |      |

Priority Applications (no., kind, date): US 1990520701: A 19900508

Patent Details

| Patent Number                       | Kind     | Lan | Pgs | Draw | Filing Notes        |               |
|-------------------------------------|----------|-----|-----|------|---------------------|---------------|
| EP 456201                           | A        | EN  |     |      |                     |               |
| Regional Designated States,Original | DE FR GB |     |     |      |                     |               |
| CA 2041893                          | A        | EN  |     |      |                     |               |
| US 5247613                          | A        | EN  | 17  | 4    |                     |               |
| EP 456201                           | A3       | EN  |     |      |                     |               |
| EP 456201                           | B1       | EN  | 18  |      |                     |               |
| Regional Designated States,Original | DE FR GB |     |     |      |                     |               |
| DE 69122161                         | E        | DE  |     |      | Application         | EP 1991107437 |
|                                     |          |     |     |      | Based on OPI patent | EP 456201     |

**Alerting Abstract EP A**

The massively parallel processing system comprises a number of processing nodes controlled in parallel by a controller. The processing nodes are inter-connected by a number of communications links. Each processing node comprises a memory, a transposer module and a router node. The memory stores data in slice format. The transposer module is connected to the memory and generates transpose data words of selected ones of the data slices from the memory. The router mode is connected to the transposer module and to the communication links and transfers transposed data words over the communications links to transfer the data slices between processing nodes. The controller controls the memories transposer modules and router nodes of the processing nodes in parallel to facilitate transfer of data slices among the processing nodes in unison.

ADVANTAGE - Improved rate of data transmission. @(15pp Dwg.No.1/3)@

19/3,K/19 (Item 16 from file: 350) [Links](#)  
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0005431665 *Drawing available*  
WPI Acc no: 1991-030834/199105  
XRPX Acc No: N1991-023868

**Synchronous one-bit mesh processor - has circuitry enabling selected processors to respond to control information indicative of logical function to be performed**

Patent Assignee: HUGHES AIRCRAFT CO (HUGA)

Inventor: MUMME M A

Patent Family ( 7 patents, 12 countries )

| Patent Number | Kind | Date     | Application Number | Kind | Date     | Update | Type |
|---------------|------|----------|--------------------|------|----------|--------|------|
| EP 410435     | A    | 19910130 | EP 1990114298      | A    | 19900726 | 199105 | B    |
| AU 199059930  | A    | 19910131 |                    |      |          | 199112 | E    |
| CA 2021192    | A    | 19910129 |                    |      |          | 199116 | E    |
| EP 410435     | A3   | 19920226 | EP 1990114298      | A    | 19900726 | 199324 | E    |
| IL 95192      | A    | 19940227 | IL 95192           | A    | 19900726 | 199419 | E    |
| KR 199400293  | B1   | 19940114 | KR 199011437       | A    | 19900727 | 199445 | E    |
| US 5379444    | A    | 19950103 | US 1989386933      | A    | 19890728 | 199507 | E    |
|               |      |          | US 1992970978      | A    | 19921103 |        |      |
|               |      |          | US 1993106771      | A    | 19930811 |        |      |
|               |      |          | US 1994255294      | A    | 19940607 |        |      |

Priority Applications (no., kind, date): US 1994255294 A 19940607; US 1993106771 A 19930811; US 1992970978 A 19921103; US 1989386933 A 19890728

Patent Details

| Patent Number                       | Kind                    | Lan | Pgs | Draw | Filing Notes                |               |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----|-----|------|-----------------------------|---------------|
| EP 410435                           | A                       | EN  |     |      |                             |               |
| Regional Designated States,Original | CH DE ES FR GB IT LI SE |     |     |      |                             |               |
| CA 2021192                          | A                       | EN  |     |      |                             |               |
| EP 410435                           | A3                      | EN  |     |      |                             |               |
| IL 95192                            | A                       | EN  |     |      |                             |               |
| US 5379444                          | A                       | EN  | 10  | 6    | Continuation of application | US 1989386933 |
|                                     |                         |     |     |      | Continuation of application | US 1992970978 |
|                                     |                         |     |     |      | Continuation of application | US 1993106771 |

**Equivalent Alerting Abstract** ...as one of the one-bit inputs to the logic unit. A control provides a control word in parallel to all of the number of single bit processor cells, such that each single bit ... operation specified by the control word. The number of single bit processor cells operate in parallel pursuant to receiving the control word and subsequent selective enablement by the selector... Original Publication Data by Authority...**Claims:**one-bit logic outputs; - control means (20) for providing a control word to each of said processors (Pij) in parallel and for providing a selection signal indicative of selected ones of said processors (Pij); and... outputs from other ones of said plurality of processor cells; control means for providing a control word in parallel to all of said plurality of single bit processor cells, such that each single bit processor cell receives said control word which specifies a logical operation; and selection means for enabling selected processor cells to perform... specified by said control word; whereby said plurality of single bit processor cells operate in parallel pursuant to receiving said control word and subsequent selective enablement by said selection means.



19/5/27 (Item 24 from file: 350) [Links](#)  
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0002457929

WPI Acc no: 1982-B5682E/198207

**Data processor peripheral control system - has specialised control-word memory relieving processor of responsibility for time-critical operations**

Patent Assignee: COMPUTER GES KONSTANZ (COMP-N)

Inventor: DENK H; EGGER A; KOHMANN L

Patent Family ( 3 patents, 10 countries )

| Patent Number | Kind | Date     | Application Number | Kind | Date     | Update | Type |
|---------------|------|----------|--------------------|------|----------|--------|------|
| EP 45438      | A    | 19820210 | EP 1981105746      | A    | 19810721 | 198207 | B    |
| DE 3029136    | A    | 19820325 | DE 3029136         | A    | 19800731 | 198213 | E    |
| DE 3029136    | C    | 19820603 | DE 3029136         | A    | 19800731 | 198223 | E    |

Priority Applications (no., kind, date): DE 3029136 A 19800731

Patent Details

| Patent Number                       | Kind | Lan                        | Pgs | Draw | Filing Notes |
|-------------------------------------|------|----------------------------|-----|------|--------------|
| EP 45438                            | A    | DE                         | 11  |      |              |
| Regional Designated States,Original |      | AT BE CH FR GB IT LI NL SE |     |      |              |

**Alerting Abstract EP A**

A control word memory is connected **parallel** to the bus system between bus and interface. This memory is occupied by sequences of control commands during phases that are not time critical. These command sequences are transferred to the interface in synchronism with the clocking of the peripheral associated with the interface. Two command decoders select the interface either directly or indirectly via the temporary storage of control words in the control word memory. The first decoder is between the control bus of the bus system, and the input of the control word memory.

The second decoder is between the output of the control word memory and a circuit located in the region of the interface. The system divides operations into immediately-executable operations and operations whose execution need not be immediate. i.e. the processor is only responsible for operations that are not critical as regards time, whereas time-critical operations are handled by the specialised control word memory.

Original Publication Data by Authority...**Claims:**and for switching the integrated memory device to a mode which is determined by the **control word**, and also comprises a **parallel-in/parallel-out** mode, each memory section having its own input terminal (MI) and output...

[\*\* your application \*\*]

21/5/1 (Item 1 from file: 350) [Links](#)

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0013475892 *Drawing available*

WPI Acc no: 2003-567685/200353

XRPX Acc No: N2003-451349

**Data processing system, has control word logic that supplies control words having routing control signals to routing units that are coupled to functional units**

Patent Assignee: KIZHEPAT G (KIZH-I); UNIVERSAL NETWORK MACHINES INC (UVNE-N)

Inventor: KIZHEPAT G

Patent Family ( 6 patents, 99 countries )

| Patent Number  | Kind | Date     | Application Number | Kind | Date     | Update | Type |
|----------------|------|----------|--------------------|------|----------|--------|------|
| US 20030088826 | A1   | 20030508 | US 2001992637      | A    | 20011106 | 200353 | B    |
| WO 2003040952  | A1   | 20030515 | WO 2002US24815     | A    | 20020805 | 200353 | E    |
| EP 1442393     | A1   | 20040804 | EP 2002752696      | A    | 20020805 | 200451 | E    |
|                |      |          | WO 2002US24815     | A    | 20020805 |        |      |
| AU 2002363356  | A1   | 20030519 | AU 2002363356      | A    | 20020805 | 200464 | E    |
| JP 2005508554  | W    | 20050331 | WO 2002US24815     | A    | 20020805 | 200523 | E    |
|                |      |          | JP 2003542509      | A    | 20020805 |        |      |
| CN 1585939     | A    | 20050223 | CN 2002822223      | A    | 20020805 | 200537 | E    |

Priority Applications (no., kind, date): US 2001992637 A 20011106

Patent Details

| Patent Number                       | Kind   | Lan | Pgs | Draw | Filing Notes        |                |
|-------------------------------------|--|-----|-----|------|---------------------|----------------|
| US 20030088826                      | A1   | EN  | 10  | 5    |                     |                |
| WO 2003040952                       | A1   | EN  |     |      |                     |                |
| National Designated States,Original | AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ OM PH PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZM ZW |     |     |      |                     |                |
| Regional Designated States,Original | AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EA EE ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ NL OA PT SD SE SK SL SZ TR TZ UG ZM ZW  |     |     |      |                     |                |
| EP 1442393                          | A1   | EN  |     |      | PCT Application     | WO 2002US24815 |
|                                     |  |     |     |      | Based on OPI patent | WO 2003040952  |
| Regional Designated States,Original | AL AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PT RO SE SI SK TR  |     |     |      |                     |                |
| AU 2002363356                       | A1   | EN  |     |      | Based on OPI patent | WO 2003040952  |
| JP 2005508554                       | W  | JA  | 32  |      | PCT Application     | WO 2002US24815 |
|                                     |  |     |     |      | Based on OPI patent | WO 2003040952  |

**Alerting Abstract US A1**

NOVELTY - The system has routing units (70-72) coupled to functional units (75-76). The routing units are responsive to routing control signals and enables **data steering** among the functional units. The routing control signals indicate a source functional unit and a destination functional unit for a data unit. A **control word** logic supplies **control words** having routing control signals to the routing units.

DESCRIPTION - An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included for a method of processing data in a data processing engine.

USE - Used for performing operations and computations on data.

**ADVANTAGE** - The **control word** logic is flexible and can be used for any number of operations. The system is flexible and allows easy altering of its parameters even when the complexity of the system increases.

**DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS** - The drawing shows a simplified architectural diagram of a data processing system.

70-72 Routing units

75-76 Functional units.

## NPL ABSTRACTS

- [File 2] **INSPEC** 1898-2007/Dec W2  
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; d s

| Set | Items   | Postings | Description   |
|-----|---------|----------|---|
| S1  | 1326    | 3838     | S CONTROL()WORD? ? OR ROUT??? (2N)INSTRUCTION? ?  |
| S2  | 10350   | 23216    | S (ROUT??? OR STEER???)(2N)(UNIT? ? OR PART? ? OR APPARATUS OR APPTS OR ELEMENT? ?)   |
| S3  | 6       | 12       | S FUNTIONAL(2N)(UNIT? ? OR PART? ? OR APPARATUS OR APPTS OR ELEMENT? ?)   |
| S4  | 1112293 | 2546105  | S (LOGIC? OR LOOKUP? OR LOOKUP? ? OR SHIFT??? OR STORAGE)() (UNIT? ? OR PART? ? OR APPARATUS? OR APPTS OR ELEMENT? ?) OR ALU OR ALUS OR MEMORY OR BUFFER? ? |
| S5  | 16      | 59       | S S1(5N)(PARALLEL? OR SIMULTANEOUS? OR SAME()TIME)  |
| S6  | 21814   | 53062    | S S3:S4(3N)(CONFIGUR? OR SELECT? OR ARRANG? OR ORDER?)  |
| S7  | 13      | 46       | RD S5 (unique items)  |
| S8  | 11      | 38       | S S7 NOT PY=2002:2008   |
| S9  | 15      | 80       | S S1 AND S6   |
| S10 | 12      | 68       | RD (unique items)   |

|     |     |      |  |
|-----|-----|------|--|
| S11 | 10  | 60   | S S10 NOT PY=2002:2008                     |
| S12 | 362 | 2450 | S S1 AND (ROUTE? ? OR ROUTING OR STEER???) |
| S13 | 46  | 411  | S S12 AND ARCHITECTURE? ?                  |
| S14 | 20  | 225  | S S13 AND PARALLEL?                        |
| S15 | 16  | 174  | S S14 NOT (S8 OR S11)                      |
| S16 | 14  | 158  | S S15 NOT PY=2002:2008                     |
| S17 | 36  | 94   | S DATA()STEERING                           |
| S18 | 22  | 60   | RD (unique items)                          |
| S19 | 18  | 52   | S S18 NOT PY=2002:2008                     |

8/5/2 (Item 2 from file: 2) [Links](#)

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INSPEC

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07283678 **INSPEC Abstract Number:** B1999-08-4180-044, C1999-08-5270-041

**Title:** Reconfigurable processor employing optical channels

**Author** Sakr, M.F.; Levitan, S.P.; Giles, C.L.; Chiarulli, D.M.

**Author Affiliation:** Dept. of Electr. Eng., Pittsburgh Univ., PA, USA

**Journal:** Proceedings of the SPIE - The International Society for Optical Engineering **Conference Title:** Proc. SPIE - Int. Soc. Opt. Eng. (USA) vol.3490 p. 564-7

**Publisher:** SPIE-Int. Soc. Opt. Eng ,

**Publication Date:** 1998 **Country of Publication:** USA

**CODEN:** PSISDG **ISSN:** 0277-786X

**SICI:** 0277-786X(1998)3490L:564:RPEO;1-A

**Material Identity Number:** C574-1998-150

**U.S. Copyright Clearance Center Code:** 0277-786X/98/\$10.00

**Conference Title:** Optics in Computing '98

**Conference Sponsor:** SPIE; Eur. Opt. Soc.; Int. Commission for Opt.; IEEE/Lasers & Electro-Opt. Soc.; et al

**Conference Date:** 17-20 June 1998 **Conference Location:** Brugge, Belgium

**Language:** English **Document Type:** Conference Paper (PA); Journal Paper (JP)

**Treatment:** Practical (P); Theoretical (T); Experimental (X)

**Abstract:** A reconfigurable processor architecture is proposed that overcomes limitations by using high bandwidth optical channels. The optical channels allow fast parallel loading of the reconfiguration control word as well as the migration of the configuration cache off-chip. The migration of configuration cache allows better utilization of the die area for reconfigurable processing elements. Further, it is possible to implement the optical detectors directly in silicon, which does not require significant alteration of the fabrication processes. These advantages make the optically reconfigurable architecture competitive for high performance applications. ( 4 Refs)

**Subfile:** B C

**Descriptors:** field programmable gate arrays; optical logic; parallel architectures; photodetectors; reconfigurable architectures

**Identifiers:** optical channels; reconfigurable processor; high bandwidth optical channels ; fast parallel loading; reconfiguration control word; configuration cache off-chip migration; optical detectors; fabrication processes; reconfigurable architecture; high performance applications; optical computing; FPGA

**Class Codes:** B4180 (Optical logic devices and optical computing techniques); B1265B ( Logic circuits); B7230C (Photodetectors); C5270 (Optical computing techniques); C5110D (Optical logic elements); C5220P (Parallel architecture )

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8/5/5 (Item 5 from file: 2) [Links](#)

INSPEC

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01190106 **INSPEC Abstract Number:** C70020642

**Title:** Communications control apparatus in an information processing system

**Inventor** Goshorn, L.A.; Harmon, S.A.

**Assignee** General Electric Co

**Patent Number:** US 3487370 **Issue Date:** 691230

**Application Date:** 661222

**Priority Application Number:** US 603943

**Country of Publication:** USA

**Language:** English **Document Type:** Patent (PT)

**Abstract:** After description of an information processing system, apparatus for providing communication between a memory unit and any one of a plurality of peripheral buffers thereof is related. A list command word in the arithmetic unit of the processing system includes a field specifying an address in the memory unit for a list control word and a field specifying a command to transfer an information item in a particular direction between a peripheral buffer and the list. The list control word provides four fields defining the current status of the list, including the maximum length, the number of items currently stored in the list, and whether the list is currently full or empty, and in addition provides a fifth field for developing the address of a storage location in memory of the beginning list item. In response to the command of the list command word, apparatus is provided to employ the fields of the list control word to develop by variable- modulo arithmetic the address of a particular storage location in memory with which a peripheral buffer is to communicate, and apparatus is provided to develop the address of a device code word specifying a particular peripheral buffer. From the device code, apparatus is provided to select a communication channel between the selected buffer and the selected storage location in memory and to transfer in response to the device command an information item therebetween. Furthermore, apparatus is provided to **simultaneously** update the list control word during execution of the list command and to restore it to memory.

**Subfile:** C

**Descriptors:** data communication systems

**Class Codes:** C5600 (Data communication equipment and techniques)

8/5/9 (Item 4 from file: 8) [Links](#)

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Ei Compendex(R)

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03404452 E.I. Monthly No: EI7410061013

**Title: ERROR CHECKING AND CORRECTION OF MICROPROGRAM CONTROL WORDS WITH A LATE BRANCH FIELD.**

**Author:** Healey, R. A.

**Source:** IBM Technical Disclosure Bulletin v 17 n 2 Jul 1974 p 374-381

**Publication Year:** 1974

**CODEN:** IBMTAA **ISSN:** 0018-8689

**Language:** ENGLISH

**Journal Announcement:** 7410

**Abstract:** Symmetrical error checking and correction (ECC) codes permit selection (by late branch address bits) without delay of one of N control words read **simultaneously** from control store with their ECC bits. Many systems in use today access two or more control words **simultaneously** from the control store, and one of these control words is selected by late branch circuits for use as the next control word, based upon the late branch information. Typically the ECC circuits are coupled directly to the output of the control store, but no check is made at the output of the control register to which the selected next control word is gated. Thus even though data read from the control store may be error free, nevertheless the output of the control store may contain an error. An arrangement is described here, however, in which the ECC circuitry is coupled to the output of the control register.

**Descriptors:** \*COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE

**Classification Codes:**

723 (Computer Software)

72 (COMPUTERS & DATA PROCESSING)



16/5/4 (Item 4 from file: 2) [Links](#)

INSPEC

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05013282 INSPEC Abstract Number: C91070696

**Title:** Bidirectional, two dimensional regular data flow architecture

**Author** Almhana, J.

**Author Affiliation:** Dept. of Comput. Sci., Moncton Univ., NB, Canada

**Conference Title:** Supercomputing Symposium '91. Symposium Proceedings p. 399-407

**Editor(s):** Bhavsar, V.C.; Gujar, U.G.

**Publisher:** Univ. New Brunswick , Fredericton, NB, Canada

**Publication Date:** 1991 **Country of Publication:** Canada x+544 pp.

ISBN: 0 920114 14 8

**Conference Date:** 3-5 June 1991 **Conference Location:** Fredericton, NB, Canada

**Language:** English **Document Type:** Conference Paper (PA)

**Treatment:** Practical (P)

**Abstract:** The article describes a new, static, cellular data flow **architecture** with emphasis on its function mode and exchange means between cells; an algorithm is defined for **instruction packet routing**. It also defines the neighbouring concept and implementation rules which permit optimum mapping. ( 22 Refs)

**Subfile:** C

**Descriptors:** parallel architectures

**Identifiers:** bidirectional data flow **architecture**; static data flow **architecture**; two dimensional regular data flow **architecture**; cellular data flow **architecture**; function mode; exchange means; cells; **instruction packet routing**; neighbouring concept; implementation rules; optimum mapping

**Class Codes:** C5220 (Computer architecture)

16/5/12 (Item 2 from file: 35) [Links](#)

Dissertation Abs Online

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01301365 ORDER NO: AADMM-73669

**THE DESIGN OF PAAP: PROGRAMMABLE ASYNCHRONOUS ARRAY PROCESSOR**

**Author:** ZELADA, MARCO A.

**Degree:** M.COMP.SC.

**Year:** 1992

**Corporate Source/Institution:** CONCORDIA UNIVERSITY (CANADA) ( 0228 )

**Source:** Volume 31/03 of MASTERS ABSTRACTS. of Dissertations Abstracts International.

PAGE 1278 . 144 PAGES.

**Descriptors:** COMPUTER SCIENCE; ENGINEERING, ELECTRONICS AND ELECTRICAL

**Descriptor Codes:** 0984; 0544

**ISBN:** 0-315-73669-0

This thesis explores architectural features appropriate to massively **parallel architectures** such as, Processing Element (PE) and **Routing** Element (RE) programmability within an array processor environment, unrestricted data flow direction, and true array scalability. We illustrate these features through an array design, which we term the Programmable Asynchronous Array Processor (PAAP).

The PAAP proposes a methodology for mapping high-level computation into hardware structures. This feature is shared with systolic and wavefront arrays. However, the PAAP differs in that its PEs can be dynamically programmed to work in an MIMD fashion. They can also be interconnected via dyadic programmable REs to form asynchronous pipelines. In contrast, most systolic and wavefront arrays work in an SIMD fashion, have static interconnections and implement a single special purpose hard-wired instruction. Those which are programmable and work in an MIMD fashion lack the interconnection reconfigurability and data flow control present in the PAAP.

PE and RE instructions and data are not fetched from memory. Instead, the PE and RE are programmed to execute the desired **instruction** and **routing** scheme during the program load phase, and data flows through the complete array during the program execution phase. The essence of the **architecture** is captured by the configurable **routing** which gives the PAAP its flexibility and power. The RE is a four way bidirectional **router** which provides maximum flexibility in the definition of pipeline **routes**. It permits a pipeline to be defined in any direction across the array, downward, sideways in either direction, and upwards.

The PAAP addresses the three main asynchronous circuit problems, namely, computational interference, signal ordering, and transfer interference. It uses a modified two-phase protocol which allows the active and passive end of the circuit to implement their own return-to-zero synchronization upon the receipt of the proper protocol sequence (BrozowskiJ89).

19/5/1 (Item 1 from file: 2) [Links](#)

INSPEC

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04976150 **INSPEC Abstract Number:** B91062083, C91057674

**Title:** Data path tradeoffs using MABAL

**Author** Kucukcakar, K.; Parker, A.C.

**Author Affiliation:** Dept. of Electr. Eng.-Syst., Univ. of Southern California, Los Angeles, CA, USA

**Conference Title:** 27th ACM/IEEE Design Automation Conference. Proceedings 1990 (Cat. No.90CH2894-4) p. 511-16

**Publisher:** IEEE , New York, NY, USA

**Publication Date:** 1990 **Country of Publication:** USA xxi+743 pp.

**ISBN:** 0 89791 363 9

**U.S. Copyright Clearance Center Code:** 0738-100X/90/0000-0511\$1.00

**Conference Sponsor:** ACM; IEEE

**Conference Date:** 24-28 June 1990 **Conference Location:** Orlando, FL, USA

**Language:** English **Document Type:** Conference Paper (PA)

**Treatment:** Practical (P)

**Abstract:** A set of novel tradeoff experiments using MABAL, a module and bus allocation program, is described. MABAL uses a simple heuristic algorithm to concurrently perform functional unit allocation, register allocation, interconnect allocation, and module binding, while minimizing overall cost. MABAL was used to produce over 3000-RTL (register transfer level) designs from a specification which had been previously scheduled. Tradeoffs between buses and multiplexers and between **data steering** logic and functional logic were investigated. The results indicate that data path tradeoffs were sensitive to the characteristics of the module library used, and illustrate the difficulty of integrating module generations or logic synthesis, with high-level synthesis. ( 9 Refs)

**Subfile:** B C

**Descriptors:** heuristic programming; logic CAD

**Identifiers:** module and bus allocation program; heuristic algorithm; functional unit allocation; register allocation; interconnect allocation; module binding; register transfer level; multiplexers; **data steering** logic; functional logic; logic synthesis

**Class Codes:** B1265B (Logic circuits); C5210B (Computer-aided logic design); C1230 ( Artificial intelligence)

19/5/2 (Item 2 from file: 2) [Links](#)

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INSPEC

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04375877 INSPEC Abstract Number: B89036937, C89032543

**Title:** A systolic architecture for fast dense matrix inversion

**Author** El-Amawy, A.

**Author Affiliation:** Dept. of Electr. & Comput. Eng., Louisiana State Univ., Baton Rouge, LA, USA

**Journal:** IEEE Transactions on Computers vol.38, no.3 p. 449-55

**Publication Date:** March 1989 **Country of Publication:** USA

**CODEN:** ITCOB4 **ISSN:** 0018-9340

**U.S. Copyright Clearance Center Code:** 0018-9340/89/0300-0449\$01.00

**Language:** English **Document Type:** Journal Paper (JP)

**Treatment:** Practical (P)

**Abstract:** An array that inverts an  $n \times n$  dense matrix in  $5n-1$  time units, including I/O time, is presented. The inversion algorithm consists of three phases and assumes that Gaussian elimination without pivoting can be applied. The array, which consists of  $2n/\sup 2/-n$  simple processing elements, implements and overlaps the execution of all three phases without any need for intermediate I/O or reconfiguration. An efficient **data-steering** technique which is well suited for feedback recurrences is utilized. ( 12 Refs)

**Subfile:** B C

**Descriptors:** cellular arrays; computerised signal processing; VLSI

**Identifiers:** VLSI algorithms; systolic architecture; fast dense matrix inversion; Gaussian elimination; **data-steering** technique; feedback recurrences

**Class Codes:** B1265B (Logic circuits); B2570 (Semiconductor integrated circuits); C5260 (Digital signal processing); C5120 (Logic and switching circuits)

19/5/3 (Item 3 from file: 2) [Links](#)

Fulltext available through: [STIC Full Text Retrieval Options](#)

INSPEC

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04150693 INSPEC Abstract Number: B88040886, C88034697

**Title:** A systolic architecture for optimal filter design support

**Author** El-Amawy, A.

**Author Affiliation:** Dept. of Electr. & Comput. Eng., Louisiana State Univ., Baton Rouge, CA, USA

**Journal:** Circuits, Systems, and Signal Processing vol.7, no.2 p. 151-72

**Publication Date:** 1988 **Country of Publication:** USA

**CODEN:** CSSPEH **ISSN:** 0278-081X

**Language:** English **Document Type:** Journal Paper (JP)

**Treatment:** Theoretical (T)

**Abstract:** A prototype filter design is reviewed to underscore the computational problems arising in such designs. A purely systolic-array architecture is presented. This array provides the computational support necessary for filter design. Due to a simple and novel **data steering** technique the array is capable of carrying out a number of important matrix operations such as factorization, inversion of factors, and matrix-matrix multiplication. Another interesting attribute is the array's ability to maximally overlap computations of multiphase algorithms. In this study the author demonstrates the execution of a dense matrix factorization phase and factor inversion phase on the array with no need for intraphase or interphase I/O. He shows that these phases (which are the backbone of an optimal filtering algorithm) are completed in the optimal count of about  $4n$  time units. The array employs  $2n/\sup 2/-n$  simple processing elements (PEs) that are active every other time unit. It is shown that the functions of two adjacent PEs can be merged and assigned to a single PE thus maximizing PE utilization. A possible design of a 'merged' PE is given. ( 17 Refs)

**Subfile:** B C

**Descriptors:** cellular arrays; digital filters; filtering and prediction theory; matrix algebra; optimisation; parallel architectures

**Identifiers:** systolic array; intraphase I/O; systolic architecture; optimal filter design support; **data steering** technique; matrix operations; factorization; matrix-matrix multiplication; multiphase algorithms; factor inversion phase; interphase I/O; processing elements

**Class Codes:** B0260 (Optimisation techniques); B1265B (Logic circuits); B1265D (Memory circuits); B6140 (Signal processing and detection); C1180 (Optimisation techniques); C1260 (Information theory); C5220 (Computer architecture); C5240 (Digital filters)

19/5/4 (Item 4 from file: 2) [Links](#)

Fulltext available through: [USP Full Text Retrieval Options](#) STIC Full Text Retrieval Options

INSPEC

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04022244 INSPEC Abstract Number: B88000848, C88001889

**Title:** Solution of dense linear systems on an optimal systolic architecture

**Author** El-Amawy, A.

**Author Affiliation:** Dept. of Electr. & Comput. Eng., Louisiana State Univ., Baton Rouge, LA, USA

**Journal:** Computers & Electrical Engineering vol.13, no.3-4 p. 177-93

**Publication Date:** 1987 **Country of Publication:** USA

**CODEN:** CPEEBQ **ISSN:** 0045-7906

**U.S. Copyright Clearance Center Code:** 0045-7906/87/\$3.00+0.00

**Language:** English **Document Type:** Journal Paper (JP)

**Treatment:** Practical (P); Theoretical (T)

**Abstract:** The paper presents an optimal systolic array architecture for rapid solution of dense systems of linear equations. The array solves a system of size  $n \times n$  in  $4n+1$  time units including I/O time. Data communications are strictly local and the processing elements (PEs) are simple. The complete three-phase solution algorithm is executed on a single array, employing about  $3n/\sqrt{2}$  PEs without any need for costly inter-phase I/O. Due to a novel **data steering** mechanism, the three algorithmic phases are maximally overlapped. Design optimality is established using systolic precedence diagrams. It is also shown that merging the functions of two adjacent PEs into a single PE is possible resulting in maximal PE utilization. An interesting result regarding cascading phase-optimal arrays is obtained. ( 22 Refs)

**Subfile:** B C

**Descriptors:** cellular arrays; linear systems; parallel algorithms; parallel architectures

**Identifiers:** direct solution; dense linear systems; optimal systolic architecture; systolic array architecture; dense systems of linear equations; three-phase solution algorithm; **data steering** mechanism; systolic precedence diagrams; phase-optimal arrays

**Class Codes:** B1265Z (Other digital circuits); C4140 (Linear algebra); C5220 (Computer architecture); C7310 (Mathematics)

19/5/5 (Item 5 from file: 2) [Links](#)

INSPEC

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03987338 **INSPEC Abstract Number:** C87059518

**Title:** High speed inversion of dense matrices on an optimal systolic array

**Author** El-Amawy, A.

**Author Affiliation:** Dept. of Electr. & Comput. Eng., Louisiana State Univ., Baton Rouge, LA, USA

**Conference Title:** Proceedings of VLSI and Computers. First International Conference on Computer Technology, Systems and Applications. COMPEURO 87 (Cat. No.87CH2417-4) p. 707-11

**Editor(s):** Proebster, W.E.; Reiner, H.

**Publisher:** IEEE Comput. Soc. Press, Washington, DC, USA

**Publication Date:** 1987 **Country of Publication:** USA xvii+1006 pp.

**ISBN:** 0 8186 0773 4

**U.S. Copyright Clearance Center Code:** CH2417-4/87/0000-0707\$01.00

**Conference Sponsor:** IEEE; Gesellschaft Inf.; Verband Deutscher Elektrotech

**Conference Date:** 11-15 May 1987 **Conference Location:** Hamburg, West Germany

**Language:** English **Document Type:** Conference Paper (PA)

**Treatment:** Practical (P)

**Abstract:** An optimal systolic array architecture for fast inversion of dense matrices is presented. The array inverts an  $n \times n$  dense matrix in  $5n-1$  time units which includes I/O time. The array uses  $2n/\sup{2/-n}$  simple processing elements (PEs) arranged in an  $(2n-1) \times n$  rectangle. The PEs are active every other time unit. Data communications are strictly local, and no intermediate I/O is required. A novel **data-steering** mechanism that is well suited for feedback recurrences is utilized. Design optimality is established using systolic precedence diagrams. It is shown that cascading phase-optimal arrays does not necessarily result in an algorithm-optimal design. ( 8 Refs)

**Subfile:** C

**Descriptors:** parallel architectures

**Identifiers:** high speed inversion; data communications; dense matrices; optimal systolic array; architecture; **data-steering** mechanism; feedback recurrences

**Class Codes:** C5220 (Computer architecture); C5440 (Multiprocessor systems and techniques)

19/5/6 (Item 6 from file: 2) [Links](#)

INSPEC

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03125086 INSPEC Abstract Number: C83038561

**Title:** Large system fault tolerant memory techniques

**Author** RYAN, P.M.

**Author Affiliation:** IBM General Technol. Div., East Fishkill, NY, USA

**Conference Title:** FTCS 13th Annual International Symposium. Fault-Tolerant Computing. Digest of Papers p. 342-5

**Publisher:** IEEE , New York, NY, USA

**Publication Date:** 1983 **Country of Publication:** USA xxxv+490 pp.

**U.S. Copyright Clearance Center Code:** 0731-3071/83/0000/0342\$01.00

**Conference Sponsor:** IEEE

**Conference Date:** 28-30 June 1983 **Conference Location:** Milan, Italy

**Language:** English **Document Type:** Conference Paper (PA)

**Treatment:** Practical (P)

**Abstract:** A memory served by single-bit error checking and correction (ECC) logic may be substantially improved by providing it with address-permutation and/or **data-steering** logic which rearranges patterns of faults uncorrectable by ECC into patterns which are correctable. An extension of ECC is described which both recovers the correct data from uncorrectable words and identifies the array chips which caused the error. An algorithm is described which uses this and other fault identification data to control the steering logic. The algorithm makes use of the fact that certain types of array faults are 'compatible' and may serve the same set of memory words without aligning in any one ECC word. It is shown that this approach leads to a memory structure which may tolerate many dozens of array failures without requiring repair. ( 13 Refs)

**Subfile:** C

**Descriptors:** error correction; fault tolerant computing; logic testing; semiconductor storage

**Identifiers:** large system fault tolerant memory techniques; error correction; fault location; single-bit error checking; address-permutation; **data- steering** logic

**Class Codes:** C5210 (Logic design methods); C5320G (Semiconductor storage)



19/5/7 (Item 7 from file: 2) [Links](#)

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INSPEC

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02897155 INSPEC Abstract Number: B82040283, C82030585

**Title:** Memory data steering using on-chip switching network and off-chip control network

**Author** Cavaliers, J.R.; Desai, S.; Eardley, D.B.; Feinberg, I.; Repchick, D.P.

**Author Affiliation:** IBM Corp., Armonk, NY, USA

**Journal:** IBM Technical Disclosure Bulletin vol.24, no.9 p. 4779-81

**Publication Date:** Feb. 1982 **Country of Publication:** USA

**CODEN:** IBMTAA **ISSN:** 0018-8689

**Language:** English **Document Type:** Journal Paper (JP)

**Treatment:** New Developments (N)

**Abstract:** Uses a laser delete link facility on the module to provide static signal inputs to the memory chip in order to control circuits effecting the replacement of defective bit positions. ( 0 Refs)

**Subfile:** B C

**Descriptors:** redundancy; semiconductor storage

**Identifiers:** memory data steering; memory chips; on-chip switching network ; off-chip control network; laser delete link facility; replacement of defective bit positions

**Class Codes:** B1265D (Memory circuits); C5320G (Semiconductor storage)

19/5/14 (Item 1 from file: 8) [Links](#)

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Ei Compendex(R)

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04550730 E.I. Monthly No: EI8408075064 E.I. Yearly No: EI84020338

**Title: TWO-TIER ERROR CORRECTION CODE FOR MEMORIES.**

**Author:** Wortzman, D.

**Source:** IBM Technical Disclosure Bulletin v 26 n 10A Mar 1984 p 5314-5318

**Publication Year:** 1984

**CODEN:** IBMTAA **ISSN:** 0018-8689

**Language:** ENGLISH

**Journal Announcement:** 8408

**Abstract:** The correction ability of single error correct and double error detect (SEC/DEC) codes is improved by partitioning the memory into two regions of ECC bit positions. One region has greater than nominal correctability into which known faulty memory bits are mapped by address or **data steering**. The other region has less than nominal correctability into which no known faulty memory bits are mapped. Conventional error correcting codes (ECCs) treat all bits of an ECC word in the same manner. A code is described which is very correctable for a few of the bits and is much less correctable for the remainder of the bits. By logically moving all known faulty bits to the high correctability region, the overall correctability of the code is improved. No additional bits are required over conventional SEC/DET codes.

**Descriptors:** \*CODES, SYMBOLIC--\*Error Correction; DATA STORAGE, DIGITAL

**Classification Codes:**

723 (Computer Software); 721 (Computer Circuits & Logic Elements); 722 (Computer Hardware)

72 (COMPUTERS & DATA PROCESSING)

19/5/15 (Item 2 from file: 8) [Links](#)

Fulltext available through: [USP19 Full Text Retrieval Options](#) STIC Full Text Retrieval Options  
Ei Compendex(R)

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04542190 E.I. Monthly No: EI8407064304 E.I. Yearly No: EI84031772

**Title: DYNAMIC DECODER FOR MULTIPLE SPARES AND SELECT REDISTRIBUTION WITHIN A SELECT PARTITION.**

**Author:** Aichelmann, F. J. Jr.

**Source:** IBM Technical Disclosure Bulletin v 26 n 6 Nov 1983 p 2759-2761

**Publication Year:** 1983

**CODEN:** IBMTAA **ISSN:** 0018-8689

**Language:** ENGLISH

**Journal Announcement:** 8407

**Abstract:** Fault-tolerant techniques are used in memory systems to minimize the accumulation of faults which would otherwise result in unusable memory locations. These techniques involve sparing, **data steering**, or address reconfiguration for the dispersion of defects so that they do not accumulate within the same ECC word. A technique is pointed out where sparing and reconfiguration can be combined across a selection partition by the use of an M/N decoder instead of an I/N decoder.

**Descriptors:** \*DATA STORAGE, DIGITAL--\*Failure

**Classification Codes:**

721 (Computer Circuits & Logic Elements); 722 (Computer Hardware)

72 (COMPUTERS & DATA PROCESSING)

19/5/17 (Item 1 from file: 35) [Links](#)

Dissertation Abs Online

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01637170 ORDER NO: AAD98-26715

**VISUAL ASSISTANCE FOR CONCURRENT PROCESSING (DEBUGGING)**

**Author:** ERBACHER, ROBERT F.

**Degree:** D.SC.

**Year:** 1998

**Corporate Source/Institution:** UNIVERSITY OF LOWELL ( 0111 )

**Supervisor:** GEORGES G. GRINSTEIN

**Source:** Volume 5903B of Dissertations Abstracts International.

PAGE 1196 . 203 PAGES

**Descriptors:** COMPUTER SCIENCE

**Descriptor Codes:** 0984

Recent advances in concurrent architecture technology have led to a dramatic increase in the number of types of systems available as well as the number of systems in actual use. In contrast, software technology has not kept pace. Software tools have yet to be developed which fully compensate for the added difficulties and complexities inherent in programming concurrent architectures. Consequently, the tools used to aid in the development and debugging of applications for these types of architectures are often insufficient for the task. This makes it extremely difficult and time consuming to develop correct and efficient concurrent applications. The availability of high end graphics systems with most concurrent hardware provides an opportunity to extend development and debugging tools to use these graphics capabilities, where applicable.

In this research, we explored interactive computational steering, data analysis (as opposed to processor or control analysis), analysis of data operations, often using direct manipulation techniques, all in support of the development of concurrent applications.

We extended interactive computational steering beyond the ability to merely steer data values instantaneously. This resulted in techniques for the steering of operations, allowing the user to modify the application dynamically during execution. We also extended **data steering** to incorporate a persistent mode. In the persistent mode, once the user has specified the values for designated variable elements, the environment does not allow them to change.

Operation visualization techniques that are merged with the data display provide the user with a single focus and aid in the correlation of data, program status, and loop status information. The environment presents the operation visualizations in such a way that the user can also use them to debug the execution stack.

Finally, we show how users can apply the techniques developed during the course of this research to aid in the comprehension and debugging of concurrent programs. Examples show how the techniques can be used to find potential errors in two example concurrent applications or to verify that errors do not exist.

19/5/18 (Item 2 from file: 35) [Links](#)

Dissertation Abs Online

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01302532 ORDER NO: AADMM-75558

**A SYNERGISTIC SCHEDULING, ALLOCATION, AND BINDING APPROACH IN BEHAVIORAL SYNTHESIS**

**Author:** MUKHERJEE, NILANJAN

**Degree:** M.SC.

**Year:** 1992

**Corporate Source/Institution:** UNIVERSITY OF GUELPH (CANADA) ( 0081 )

**Source:** Volume 31/03 of MASTERS ABSTRACTS. of Dissertations Abstracts International.

PAGE 1271 . 135 PAGES

**Descriptors:** COMPUTER SCIENCE

**Descriptor Codes:** 0984

**ISBN:** 0-315-75558-X

Behavioral-level datapath synthesis has two major aspects. The first is operational optimization, that concerns three independent tasks: (i) allocating a set of functional units to the design; (ii) scheduling operations on control steps; and (iii) associating the operations with functional units on which they will execute, a process called binding. The other, known as storage and interconnect optimization, is responsible for allocating intermediate storage and data steering elements necessary for implementation of a design. In this thesis, we provide an integrated and globally optimum solution for the subtasks of operational optimization.

The solution utilizes an integer linear program (ILP) that minimizes a weighted sum of module area and total execution time under very general assumptions of module capability. In particular, a module may execute an arbitrary combinations of operations, possibly using different numbers of control steps for different operations. Furthermore, operations may be implemented by a variety of modules, possibly requiring different number of control steps depending on the modules chosen. This generality in the complexity and mixture of functional units is unique to our system.

We also show how our model is extended to consider several other aspects, such as, chaining, structural pipelining, and inclusion of an interconnection estimate. The model is also applied to synthesize multiple control block designs, where all the blocks are considered simultaneously.